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solved by large average reductions, whether the service remains in the hands of private companies or goes into the hands of the government, but can only be solved by considering the cost of the service to the different classes of users, so that users shall pay more directly in proportion to what they actually obtain from the telephone company in the way of messages. This may call upon the larger users to pay more, but users of small and medium needs may then pay less.

DUGALD C. JACKSON.

Massachusetts Institute of Technology.

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- Burnett, D. F. Cases on the law of private corporations, selected and supplemented with notes. (Boston: Little, Brown. 1916. Pp. 140.)
- MAYOR, J. Government telephones. The experience of Manitoba, Canada. (New York: Moffat, Yard. 1916. Pp. viii, 176. \$1.)
- Wormser, I. M. Illustrative cases on corporations. A companion book to Clark on corporations, third edition. (St. Paul: West Pub. Co. 1916. Pp. x, 451. \$2.50.)
- I. Opposing government ownership and operation of public utilities.
 II. Advocating exclusive regulation of all railroads by the federal government. (New York: Merchants' Association of New York. 1916. Pp. 55.)
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- The Boot and Shoe Industry in Massachusetts as a Vocation for Women. By the Department of Research of the Women's Educational and Industrial Union (Boston). Studies in Economic Relations of Women, Vol. VI. Bulletin of the United States Bureau of Labor Statistics, Whole No. 180; Women in Industry Series, No. 7. (Washington: United States Department of Labor. 1915. Pp. 109. 80 cents.)
- Millinery as a Trade for Women. By LORINDA PERRY. Prepared under the direction of Susan M. Kingsbury and Marian Parris Smith. Studies in Economic Relations of Women, Vol. V. (New York: Longmans, Green and Company. 1916. Pp. xi, 134. \$1.50.)
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